



Bright Gold Paste for decals on porcelain GGP 1215-12% H

1 General Information

GGP 1215-12% H is yellow standard bright gold decal paste for the decoration of porcelain.

The material is also suitable to be used in the Heraeus-Matt-Gold-System as well as in the Etching-Imitation-System for decals. For more detailed information, please check our Technical Information Sheets for these decoration systems.

2 Standard Firing Range

Substrate	Firing range
Porcelain	780 – 880°C

The firing result depends on the firing temperature, the total cycle time, the soak time as well as the glaze chemistry of the substrate decorated. To achieve an optimal firing result, we recommend firing tests under the users own individual conditions.

3 Properties of the preparations

The major characteristics of a Heraeus precious metal preparation are determined by its production recipe. From each lot produced, we take a sample and check defined characteristics.

In case of decal pastes we check the physical properties (e. g. viscosity, thixotropy) and the printing properties compared to a predefined standard. After firing under standard firing conditions, we check the gold colour shade and the adhesion to the substrate. Controlling each single production lot assures the highest product quality and lot-to-lot consistency.



3.1 Processing

We supply decal pastes ready to use. GGP 1215-12% H has a thixotropic nature, means the typical printing viscosity is reached at certain printing speed, when the thixotropy is temporarily broken. The applied material hardens instantly and assure a sharp outline of the print.

3.2 Storage

Printing pastes are subject to an ageing process. Therefore, we recommend using the material within 9 months. The material should be stored at room temperature (20°C). Cool storage – but no freezing – has a positive impact on the shelf life.

The statements concerning our products correspond to our current knowledge and experience. It is the obligation of the purchaser to examine the usefulness of the products in its intended use in each individual case. In order to prevent production losses the user has to test the preparations in connection with every other material being involved in the production process and has to be satisfied that the intended result can be consistently produced.

3.3 Consumption

The material consumption depends on the thickness of the applied precious metal layer. Under our conditions, the consumption is approx. 0,15 to 0,30g/100 cm².*

4 Properties of finished decorations

The properties of finished decorations are influenced by a number of factors which interact with each other: The precious metal preparation used, possible bordering colours, the quality of the print, the material deposit, the quality of the decal paper, the correct application of the decal and of course the firing conditions.

The main properties of fired bright precious metal decorations comprise brilliance and precious metal tone, dishwasher resistance, scratch resistance and resistance against chemical attack.

We have processed the bright precious metal preparations under standard test conditions. Then we determined the properties of the finished decorations. The following data indicate achievable quality features for the finished decorations manufactured with bright precious metal preparations. They must, however, always be checked by the user under his own individual conditions.

4.1 Dishwasher resistance

All details as to whether decorations are dishwasher durable are to be regarded as approximate values, as test results vary widely according to the type of dishwasher, washing programme, washing-up detergent, water quality and firing conditions.

Heraeus tests whether finished decorations are dishwasher durable, roughly following the test-washing programme of the Technical Standards Committee for Material Testing (Fachnormenausschuss Materialprüfung) in a Miele continuous dishwasher. If a decoration withstands 500 washing cycles essentially without damage, we designate it as dishwasher durable. If it withstands 1000 washing cycles, we designate it as dishwasher resistant.

Test decorations prepared with GGP 1215-12% H proofed to be dishwasher durable.

4.2 Abrasion resistance

Gold decorations with GGP 1215-12% H showed a reasonable scratch resistance.

4.4 Oxydation resistance

As a yellowish gold paste GGP 1215-12% H contains a certain amount of silver. Under unfavourable conditions silver containing precious metal decorations can tarnish in the course of time. Especially the contact to cardboard boxes, high humidity and high temperature support the reaction of silver to silver sulphide.

5 Application recommendations

5.1 Preparation of the substrate to be decorated

Make sure that the surface of the object to be decorated is clean and dry. Dust, fingerprints and water condensation can affect the decoration while firing.

Take care that the objects to be decorated are not taken from a cold store into a warm shop. A fine condensation film may occur, which is not visible to the naked eye. This results in firing disturbance (pinholes) in the fired precious metal decoration. Allow enough time so that they can adjust to the decoration room temperature.

5.2 Production of decals

Apply an appropriate quantity of the preparation on the screen, so that the screen will be flooded with one squeegee motion. We recommend applying not too much paste. It is better to add fresh paste during the printing procedure. This way, the viscosity increase caused by the evaporation of the solvent from the precious metal paste during printing can be minimized.

During shorter printing breaks (a few minutes), the screen should be continuously flooded, to prevent the paste

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from drying and blocking of the screen. During longer breaks, the screen has to be cleaned with our screen cleaner V 34 before the resumption of printing.

As a general rule, the precious metal paste is printed at first. After drying, additional decoration colours can be printed.

If precious metal products and colours are adjacent, the registration of the prints is very important because an incompatibility reaction with the colours is possible (especially precious metal products react sensitively with cadmium containing colours).

The complete motif needs to be covered with layer of covercoat. After drying, the decal can be transferred to the object to be decorated.

5.3 Transfer of the decal

The decals are soaked in slightly warmed water (20 to 30°C). If the water is too cold the decals do not release well from the decal paper. If the water is too warm, the decals might get too soft. It is important to change with water quite regularly.

It is essential to remove the water between decal and substrate by a careful squeegeeing of the decal. Trapped water could fire off explosively and create defects in the metal film. Additionally we recommend cleaning the surface of the applied decal with a sponge, in order to remove all dextrin rests on top of the decal.

The decorated ware should be dried before firing at room temperature (20 to 22°C) for 16 to 24 hours.

5.4 Firing

During the first heating phase the organic components of the preparation burn off. This process is completed at approx. 400°C. The gold film is formed. A constant, slow temperature increase, enough oxygen and sufficient ventilation are decisive for the quality of the fired precious metal decoration.

The firing profile considerably influences the mechanical and chemical properties of the fired decoration.

The rate of cooling has no major influence on the quality of the gold decoration, unlike the firing temperature and soak time. However, the firing process should not be stopped too abruptly after the soak time. If the rate of cooling is too fast, there may be a danger of damaging the article.

6.0 Typical defects, root causes and countermeasures

Defect	Possible cause	Countermeasure
stripes in the printing precious metal decoration	the squeegee shows possibly scratches	squeegee exchange, or grind off the old one
squashed printing format	the squeegee has not enough pressure or is worn out (rounded off)	squeegee exchange, or grind off the old one
blurred contours, running precious metal	too much thinning of the product	leave the pot open for a while, so that some of the solvent can evaporate
spots, pin holes, matt firing result	contamination as dust, finger marks or water drops	clean the object before decorating
	glue residues under or on the decal	frequent changing of the steep water. Wipe off the decal with a damp sponge
	problems in the kiln such as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> reduced atmosphere in kiln insufficient ventilation heat increase is too fast during critical phase between 200-400°C (390-750°F) too many objects in the kiln 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> increase air addition improvement of the ventilation reduce the heating speed reduce the number of objects in the kiln
Precious metal is cracking during firing	contamination of the substrate surface causes cracking	clean the substrate before application
	water residues under the decal	careful pressing of the decal by the squeegee and drying
	the layer of the product is too thick	reduce the layer of the product
cracking of the decoration	decal extension was too high	do not extend the decal so much. If necessary, use an elastic screen printing covercoat and take care of the following information
	steeping water is too cold and / or transfer of the decal onto a cold object	steeping water should be warmed up a little. It is of great importance to warm up the object to be decorated e.g. with an infrared radiator
low mechanical resistance of the precious metal decoration	too low firing temperature	increase the firing temperature
	the layer of the product is too thin	use a 120-34 to 140-34 polyester screen / 350 to 425 mesh steel screen
Gold decoration has shrunk / retreated from a bordering colour.	Cd containing colour might be directly bordering or even overlapping.	Ideally Cd-colours should not directly border precious metals. If this cannot be prevented, please keep a certain distance or print a non-Cd-colour in between metal and Cd-colour.

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